Name: Period:

**Terrestrial (Land) Biomes**

| **BIOME** | **CLIMATE (Abiotic)** | **PLANTS (characteristics)** | **ANIMALS (characteristics)** | **LATITUDE**  **(0, 30, 60, 90)**  **& Wind** | **GEOGRAPHY (where in the world is it?)** | **DISTRIBUTION (coastal, mountains, inland, etc.)** | **ENV. ASPECTS (issues/ concerns)** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Conif.  Forests |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Desert |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Savanna |  | Grasses  woodlands shrubs  baobab trees  deciduous acacia trees | Reptiles (13 sp.)  Amphibians (7 sp.)  Mammals (61 sp.) | subtropical latitudes, lower than 40 degrees | This vast biome is the largest in Africa, extending from just below the Sahara Desert to South Africa. | inland |  |
| Decid.  Forest |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rain-  forest |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tundra |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chaparral |  |  | Reptiles (48 sp.)  Amphibians (16 sp.)  Mammals (88 sp.) |  |  |  |  |
| Grassland |  |  | Reptiles (14 sp.)  Amphibians (9 sp.)  Mammals (55 sp.) |  |  |  |  |